Colville Lake - Statistical Profile

	Colville Lake	Northwest Territories		Colville Lake	Northwest Territories
POPULATION	2 33		Number of Births		
			1999	4	659
Population (2011)			2000	2	673
Total	160	43,675	2001	3	613
			2002	6	635
Males	81	22,405	2003	3	701
Females	79	21,270	2004	4	698
			2005	2	712
0 - 4 Years	19	3,342	2006	9	687
5 - 9 Years	25	3,082	2007	6	725
10 - 14 Years	16	2,842	2008	2	721
15 - 24 Years	24	7,296			
25 - 44 Years	36	13,656	Teen Births		
45 - 59 Years	24	9,115	1999	1	83
60 Yrs. & Older	16	4,342	2000		84
			2001	1	70
Aboriginal	140	22,241	2002		72
Non-Aboriginal	20	21,434	2003	1	72
			2004		86
Population Dependency Ratio (2011)			2005		68
< 15 Yrs.	0.71	0.31	2006	3	73
60 Yrs. & Older	0.19	0.14	2007	1	65
			2008		56
Historical Population					
2001	114	40,844	Number of Deaths		
2002	118	41,665	1999	1	162
2003	122	42,561	2000	i	156
2004	126	43,301	2001		163
2005	126	43,399	2002	1	169
2006	130	43,198	2003		202
2007	141	43,545	2004	2	153
2008	147	43,681	2005		148
2009	153	43,638	2006		182
2010	160	43,830	2007	3	174
2011	160	43,675	2008		201
Avg. Annual % Growth (01-11)			Injury Dooths (inc. suicides)		
Total Population	3.4	0.7	1999		36
< 15 Yrs.	4.1	-1.5	2000		31
60 Yrs. & Older	0.0	5.5	2001		31
			2002		24
Population Projections			2003		36
2015	162	45,281	2004		23
2020	167	46,616	2005		21
2025	164	47,626	2006		36
			2007	1	32
HEALTH & VITAL STATS		_	2008		29
HEALIN & VITALISTAIS			Suicides		
% of Population that Smoke			1999		15
2009	50.6	35.2	2000		7
			2001		8
			2002		8
			2003		10
			2004		11
			2005		4
			2006		5
			2007		9
			2008		10

	Colville Lake	Northwest Territories		Colville Lake	Northwest Territories
HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES			Payments (\$000)		
			2001	22	8,840
% of Households with 6 or More People			2002	31	8,701
1981	**	13.9	2003	29	8,946
1986	89	11.5	2004	38	9,270
1991		9.8	2005	4	8,610
1996		8.6	2006	8	8,534
2001		7.2	2007	22	9,783
2004	21.2	7.0	2008	14	12,048
2006	14.3	6.2	2009	33	14,563
2009	25.7	6.7	2010	16	15,074
Family Structure (2006)					
Total Family Structure	25	10,875	TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (20	08)	
Husband-Wife	15	5,555	1.00011011101110111011101101101101101101	00)	
Common-law		2,990	Hunted & Fished (%)	66.3	39.4
Lone Parent		2,330	Trapped (%)	48.2	6.2
% Lone-Parent Families		21.4		13.3	
76 Lone-Patent Paintines		21.4	Produced Arts & Crafts (%)		8.7
Tenure (2009)			Households Consuming Country	94.3	28.1
	26	14.633	Food (Half or More) (%)		
Total	35	14,522	I DODICO LA FANCIÓ COS		
Owned	30	7,623	ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES		
Rented	5	6,899			
% Owned	85.7	52.5	% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language		
% of Households in Core Need			1984	100.0	59.1
1996	91.3	19.7	1989	95.3	55.6
2000	87.1	20.3	1994	95.7	50.1
2004	75.8	16.3	1999	76.2	45.1
2009	77.1	19.0	2004	65.3	
2009	77.1	19.0	2009	47.9	44.0 38.0
INCOME ASSISTANCE			EDUCATION		
Beneficiaries (monthly average)			EDECATION		
2001	6	2,425	% with High School Diploma or More		
2002	6	2,200	1986	25.0	51.6
2003	6	2,142	1989	8.9	59.8
2004	7	2,058	1991	44.4	59.9
2005	2	1,911	1994	31.3	63.2
2006	3	1,912	1996	50.0	63.5
2007	10	2,024	1999	31.8	66.1
2008	2	2,067	2001	30.8	64.8
2009	5	2,402	2004	32.5	67.5
2010	2	2,313	2006	13.3	67.0
Cases (monthly average)			2009	26.5	69.3
2001	2	1,202	Employment Rates (2009)		
2002	3	1,118	Less than High School Diploma	31.1	35.4
2003	2	1,111	High School Diploma or Greater	78.3	81.2
2004	2	1,110	Di artice e president	1.00.00	01.6
2005	ī	1,051			
2006	i	1,060			
2007	2	1,121			
2008	î				
2009	3	1,172			
		1,415			
2010	1	1,429			

	Colville Lake	Northwest Territories		Colville Lake	Northwest Territories
LABOUR FORCE		-3			Totthories
Participation Rate			Potential Available Labour Supply (2009)		
1986	28.6	74.5	Number of Unemployed	27	4,847
1989	26.7	74.9	% Do Rotational	44.4	57.1
1991	50.0	78.2	% Male	63.0	59.1
1994	58.3	77.2	% Aboriginal	100.0	77.2
1996	72.7	77.2	% Less than High School Diploma	88.9	55.9
1999	62.1	78.3			
2001	69.2	77.1	Labour Force Profile (2006)		
2004	63.8	75.6	% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	50.0	37.3
2006	66.7	76.5	% Goods Producing		17.2
2009	53.0	75.1	% Other Industries	*	43.9
Unemployment Rate			Annual Work Pattern (2008)		
1986	50.0	11.2	% Worked	81.9	79.0
1989	8.3	13.2	% Worked More than 26 weeks	47.1	77.5
1991	40.0	11.3			
1994	17.9	14.8			
1996	-	11.7	PRICES		
1999	29.3	13.7			
2001	22.2	9.5	2009 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	177.5	
2004	23.5	10.4			
2006 2009	20.0 18.2	10.4	2010 Food Price Index (YK = 100)	202.8	
F					
Employment Rate		55.2	ENVIRONMENT		
1986	28.6	66.2			
1989 1991	24.4	65.0	Average Temperature (°C)		
1994	40.0	69.3	January 2003	11	14
1996	47.9	65.7	January 2004	-31.0	**
1999	63.6	68.2	January 2005	-25.9	44
2001	43.9	67.5	January 2006	-27.6	41
2004	61.5	69.8	January 2007		44
2006	48.8	67.8	1.1. 2002		
2009	53.3 43.4	68.6	July 2003		113
2007	43.4	67.3	July 2004	13.0	
Selected Employment Rates (2009)			July 2005	11.4	
Males	34.8	68.1	July 2006	13.9	
Females	54.1	66.4	July 2007		**
Aboriginal	38.4	49.8	COMMUNITY LIVING		
Non-Aboriginal	90.0	83.1			
15-24	26.7	42.0	% Who Volunteered in 2008 % of Homes with Internet	48.2 25.7	37.7 73.5
25-34	66.7	75.5	Access in 2008	63.1	13.3
35-44	47.4	81.9	recess in 2000		
45-54	54.5	84.3			
55-64	71.4	74.6	SYMBOLS	4	
65 & Over	17.6	17.1			
Labour Force Activity (2009)			zero or too small to be expressed not available		
Population 15 & Over	83	33,730	x data suppressed		
Employed	36	22,702	unu suppresseu		
Unemployed	8	2,616			
Not in the Labour Force	39	8,412			
	-	-,			

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[10]{\frac{Pop_{2011}}{Pop_{2001}}} - 1 \right) \cdot 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004 & 2009). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, and the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core reed. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT, Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Crafts (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuninaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'n

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2009 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2008 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2008, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum.

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.